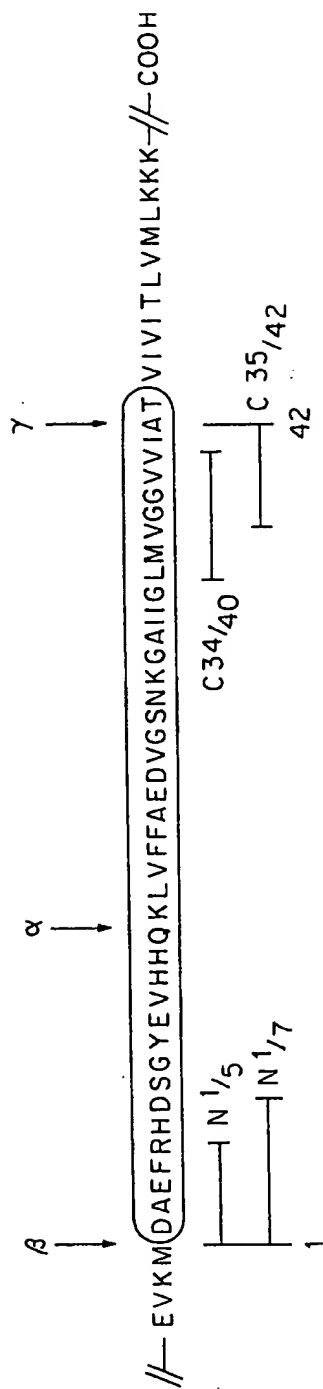


FIG. 2



A schematic diagram of a dimeric antibody molecule. It shows two identical units joined at the bottom by a hinge and a constant region (Fc). Each unit consists of two heavy chains (H) and two light chains (L). The variable regions (V) are at the top, and the constant regions (C) are at the bottom. The hinge is located between the variable and constant regions. The diagram is labeled with Fob, Fv, VL, VH, CL, CH1, CH2, CH3, and Fc.

Diagram of a Fab antibody structure. It consists of two heavy chain domains (V_H and C_H1) and two light chain domains (V_L and C_L). The variable regions (V_H and V_L) are at the top, and the constant regions (C_H1 and C_L) are at the bottom. The chains are connected by disulfide bonds.

Fv

SINGLE CHAIN Fv (ScFv)


$$\text{H}_2\text{N} - \text{V}_\text{H} - \text{LINKER} - \text{V}_\text{L} - \text{COOH}$$

FIG. 3D

FIG. 4

HEAVY CHAIN cDNA LIGHT CHAIN cDNA

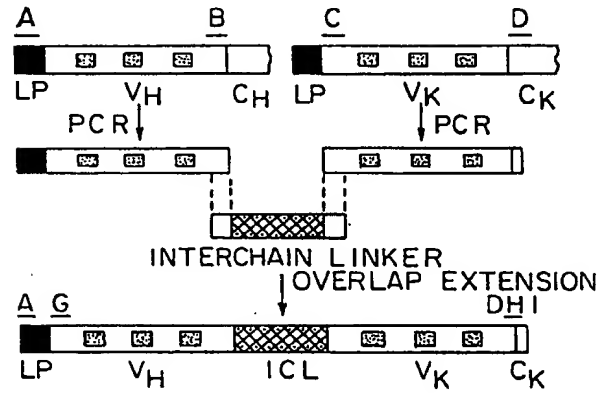


FIG. 5

